### § 39.10-3

(d) This part does not apply to the collection of vapors of liquefied flammable gases as defined in §30.10-39 of this subchapter.

[CGD 88-102, 55 FR 25446, June 21, 1990, as amended by CGD 95-072, 60 FR 50462, Sept. 29, 1995; CGD 96-041, 61 FR 50727, Sept. 27, 1996]

#### § 39.10-3 Definitions—TB/ALL.

As used in this part:

Cargo deck area means that part of the weather deck that is directly over the cargo tanks.

Existing vapor collection system means a vapor collection system which was operating prior to July 23, 1990.

Facility vapor connection means the point in a facility's fixed vapor collection system where it connects with the vapor collection hose or the base of the vapor collection arm.

Independent as applied to two systems means that one system will operate with a failure of any part of the other system except power sources and electrical feeder panels.

Inerted means the oxygen content of the vapor space in a cargo tank is reduced to 8 percent by volume or less in accordance with the inert gas requirements of §32.53 or §153.500 of this chapter

Lightering or lightering operation means the transfer of a bulk liquid cargo from a tank vessel to a service vessel.

Marine Safety Center means the Commanding Officer, U.S. Coast Guard Marine Safety Center, 1900 Half Street, SW, Suite 1000, Room 525, Washington, DC 20024 for visitors. Send all mail to Commanding Officer, U.S. Coast Guard Marine Safety Center, JR10–0525, 2100 2nd Street, SW., Washington, DC 20593, in a written or electronic format. Information for submitting the VSP electronically can be found at <a href="http://www.uscg.mil/HQ/MSC">http://www.uscg.mil/HQ/MSC</a>.

Maximum allowable transfer rate means the maximum volumetric rate at which a vessel may receive cargo or ballast.

New vapor collection system means a vapor collection system which is not an existing vapor collection system.

Service vessel means a vessel which transports bulk liquid cargo between a facility and another vessel.

Topping-off operation means the transfer of a bulk liquid cargo from a service vessel to another vessel in order to load the receiving vessel to a deeper draft.

Vapor balancing means the transfer of vapor displaced by incoming cargo from the tank of a vessel receiving cargo into a tank of the vessel or facility delivering cargo via a vapor collection system.

Vapor collection system means an arrangement of piping and hoses used to collect vapor emitted from a vessel's cargo tanks and to transport the vapor to a vapor processing unit.

Vapor control system means an arrangement of piping and equipment used to control vapor emissions collected from a vessel. It includes the vapor collection system and vapor processing unit.

Vapor processing unit means the components of a vapor control system that recovers, destroys, or disperses vapor collected from a vessel.

Vessel vapor connection means the point in a vessel's fixed vapor collection system where it connects with the vapor collection hose or arm.

[CGD 88-102, 55 FR 25446, June 21, 1990, as amended by USCG-2007-29018, 72 FR 53965, Sept. 21, 2007]

### § 39.10-5 Incorporation by reference—TB/ALL.

(a) Certain materials are incorporated by reference into this part with the approval of the Director of the Federal Register in accordance with 5 U.S.C. 552(a). To enforce any edition other than the one listed in paragraph (b) of this section, notice of change must be published in the FEDERAL REG-ISTER and the material made available to the public. All approved material is on file at the U.S. Coast Guard, Office of Operating and Environmental Standards (G-MSO), 2100 Second Street, SW., Washington, DC 20593-0001, or at the National Archives and Records Administration (NARA). For information on the availability of this material at NARA, call 202-741-6030, or go to: http:// www.archives.gov/federal register/  $code\_of\_federal\_regula\overline{ti}ons$ /

ibr locations.html. All material is available from the sources indicated in paragraph (b) of this section.

Coast Guard, DHS § 39.10–13

(b) The material approved for incorporation by reference in this part, and the sections affected are:

American Petroleum Institute (API), 1220 L Street NW., Washington, DC 20005  API Standard 2000, Venting Atmospheric and Low-Pressure Storage Tanks	
(Nonrefrigerated and Refrigerated), Third Edition, January 1982 (reaffirmed December 1987)	39.20–11
10036	
ANSI B16.5, Steel Pipe Flanges and Flanged Fittings, 1981	39.20-1
American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM), 100 Barr Harbor Drive, West	
Conshohocken, PA 19428–2959	
ASTM F 1271–90 (1995)—Standard Specification for Spill Valves for Use in Ma-	
rine Tank Liquid Overpressure Protection Applications	39.20–9
International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC), Bureau Central de la Commission	
Electrotechnique Internationale, 1 rue de Varembé, Geneva, Switzerland	
IEC 309-1—Plugs, Socket-Outlets and Couplers for Industrial Purposes: Part 1, General Requirements, 1979	39.20-9
IEC 309-2—Plugs, Socket-Outlets and Couplers for Industrial Purposes: Part 2,	33.20-3
Dimensional Interchangeability Requirements for Pin and Contact-tube Ac-	
cessories, 1981	39.20-9
National Electrical Manufacturers Association (NEMA), 2101 L St. NW., Washington,	
DC 20036	
ANSI/NEMA WD6—Wiring Devices, Dimensional Requirements, 1988	39.20-9
National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269	
NFPA 70—National Electrical Code, 1987	39.20–9
Oil Companies International Marine Forum (OCIMF), 15th Floor, 96 Victoria Street,	
London SWIE 5JW, England	00.00.1
International Safety Guide for Oil Tankers and Terminals, Third Edition, 1988	39.30–1

[CGD 88–102, 55 FR 25446, June 21, 1990, as amended by CGD 95–072, 60 FR 50462, Sept. 29, 1995; CGD 96–041, 61 FR 50727, Sept. 27, 1996; CGD 97–057, 62 FR 51043, Sept. 30, 1997; USCG-1999–5151, 64 FR 67177, Dec. 1, 1999]

## § 39.10-9 Vessel vapor processing unit—TB/ALL.

Each vessel which has a vapor processing unit located on board must meet the requirements of 33 CFR part 154, subpart E to the satisfaction of the Commandant (G-MSO) in addition to complying with the requirements of this part.

[CGD 88-102, 55 FR 25446, June 21, 1990, as amended by CGD 95-072, 60 FR 50462, Sept. 29, 1995; CGD 96-041, 61 FR 50727, Sept. 27, 1996]

## § 39.10-11 Personnel training—TB/

- (a) A person in charge of a transfer operation utilizing a vapor collection system must have completed a training program covering the particular system installed on the vessel. Training must include drills or demonstrations using the installed vapor control system covering normal operations and emergency procedures.
- (b) The training program required by paragraph (a) of this section must cover the following subjects:

- (1) Purpose of a vapor control system;
- (2) Principles of the vapor control system;
- (3) Components of the vapor control system;
- (4) Hazards associated with the vapor control system;
- (5) Coast Guard regulations in this part;
  - (6) Operating procedures, including:
- (i) Testing and inspection requirements,
  - (ii) Pre-transfer procedures,
  - (iii) Connection sequence,
  - (iv) Start-up procedures, and
  - (v) Normal operations; and
  - (7) Emergency procedures.

[CGD 88–102, 55 FR 25446, June 21, 1990; 55 FR 39270, Sept. 26, 1990]

# § 39.10-13 Submission of vapor control system designs—TB/ALL.

(a) Plans, calculations, and specifications for a new vessel vapor collection system must be submitted to the Marine Safety Center for approval prior to installation.